§ 1572.1

1572 405 Procedures for collection by TSA

Subpart F—Fees for Security Threat Assessments for Transportation Worker Identification Credential (TWIC)

1572.500 Scope. 1572.501 Fee collection.

AUTHORITY: 46 U.S.C. 70105; 49 U.S.C. 114, 5103a, 40113, and 46105; 18 U.S.C. 842, 845; 6 U.S.C. 469.

Source: 72 FR 3595, Jan. 25, 2007, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—Procedures and General Standards

§ 1572.1 Applicability.

This part establishes regulations for credentialing and security threat assessments for certain maritime and land transportation workers.

§1572.3 Scope.

This part applies to—

- (a) State agencies responsible for issuing a hazardous materials endorsement (HME); and
 - (b) An applicant who-
- (1) Is qualified to hold a commercial driver's license under 49 CFR parts 383 and 384, and is applying to obtain, renew, or transfer an HME; or
- (2) Is applying to obtain or renew a TWIC in accordance with 33 CFR parts 104 through 106 or 46 CFR part 10; is a commercial driver licensed in Canada or Mexico and is applying for a TWIC to transport hazardous materials in accordance with 49 CFR 1572.201; or other individuals approved by TSA.

[72 FR 3595, Jan. 25, 2007, as amended at 72 FR 55048, Sept. 28, 2007]

§1572.5 Standards for security threat

- (a) Standards. TSA determines that an applicant poses a security threat warranting denial of an HME or TWIC, if—
- (1) The applicant has a disqualifying criminal offense described in 49 CFR 1572 103:
- (2) The applicant does not meet the immigration status requirements described in 49 CFR 1572.105:
- (3) TSA conducts the analyses described in 49 CFR 1572.107 and deter-

mines that the applicant poses a security threat; or

- (4) The applicant has been adjudicated as lacking mental capacity or committed to a mental health facility, as described in 49 CFR 1572.109.
- (b) Immediate Revocation/Invalidation. TSA may invalidate a TWIC or direct a State to revoke an HME immediately, if TSA determines during the security threat assessment that an applicant poses an immediate threat to transportation security, national security, or of terrorism.
- (c) Violation of FMCSA Standards. The regulations of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) provide that an applicant is disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for specified periods, if he or she has an offense that is listed in the FMCSA rules at 49 CFR 383.51. If records indicate that an applicant has committed an offense that would disqualify the applicant from operating a commercial motor vehicle under 49 CFR 383.51, TSA will not issue a Determination of No Security Threat until the State or the FMCSA determine that the applicant is not disqualified under that section.
- (d) Waiver. In accordance with the requirements of §1515.7, applicants may apply for a waiver of certain security threat assessment standards.
- (e) Comparability of Other Security Threat Assessment Standards. TSA may determine that security threat assessments conducted by other governmental agencies are comparable to the threat assessment described in this part, which TSA conducts for HME and TWIC applicants.
- (1) In making a comparability determination, TSA will consider—
- (i) The minimum standards used for the security threat assessment;
- (ii) The frequency of the threat assessment;
- (iii) The date of the most recent threat assessment; and
- (iv) Whether the threat assessment includes biometric identification and a biometric credential
- (2) To apply for a comparability determination, the agency seeking the determination must contact the Assistant Program Manager, Attn: Federal Agency Comparability Check, Hazmat